

Results of the STAHY Best Paper Award 2021

The STAHY Best Paper Award 2021 is assigned to:

- David McInerney, University of Adelaide
- Mark Thyer, University of Adelaide
- Dmitri Kavetski, University of Adelaide
- Julien Lerat, Australian Bureau of Meteorology
- George Kuczera, Newcastle University



D. McInerney

M. Thyer

D. Kavetski

J. Lerat

G. Kuczera

for the paper:

McInerney, D., Thyer, M., Kavetski, D., Lerat, J., & Kuczera, G. (2017). *Improving probabilistic prediction of daily streamflow by identifying Pareto optimal approaches for modeling heteroscedastic residual errors*. *Water Resources Research*, 53(3), 2199-2239, 10.1002/2016WR019168.

The STAHY Best Paper Award 2021 will be assigned during the STAHY'21 Conference - September 2021.

The STAHY Best Paper 2021 is the result of evaluation of the following 20 papers, proposed by the ICSH Officers and published in 2017-2018-2019, ordered by citations (SCOPUS database, excluding self-citations):

1. Chapi, K., Singh, V. P., Shirzadi, A., Shahabi, H., Bui, D. T., Pham, B. T., & Khosravi, K. (2017). A novel hybrid artificial intelligence approach for flood susceptibility assessment. *Environmental modelling & software*, 95, 229-245. (122 citations)
2. Sadegh, M., Ragno, E., & AghaKouchak, A. (2017). Multivariate Copula Analysis Toolbox (MvCAT): describing dependence and underlying uncertainty using a Bayesian framework. *Water Resources Research*, 53(6), 5166-5183. (80 citations)
3. Kundzewicz, Z. W., Krysanova, V., Benestad, R. E., Hov, Ø., Piniewski, M., & Otto, I. M. (2018). Uncertainty in climate change impacts on water resources. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 79, 1-8. (78 citations)
4. Tyralis, H., Papacharalampous, G., & Langousis, A. (2019). A brief review of random forests for water scientists and practitioners and their recent history in water resources. *Water*, 11(5), 910. (72 citations)
5. Feng, Z. K., Niu, W. J., Cheng, C. T., & Liao, S. L. (2017). Hydropower system operation optimization by discrete differential dynamic programming based on orthogonal experiment design. *Energy*, 126, 720-732. (50 citations)
6. Sheikholeslami, R., & Razavi, S. (2017). Progressive Latin Hypercube Sampling: An efficient approach for robust sampling-based analysis of environmental models. *Environmental modelling & software*, 93, 109-126. (48 citations)

7. Zhao, T., Bennett, J. C., Wang, Q. J., Schepen, A., Wood, A. W., Robertson, D. E., & Ramos, M. H. (2017). How suitable is quantile mapping for postprocessing GCM precipitation forecasts?. *Journal of Climate*, 30(9), 3185-3196. (47 citations)
8. Peleg, N., Marra, F., Fatichi, S., Paschalis, A., Molnar, P., & Burlando, P. (2018). Spatial variability of extreme rainfall at radar subpixel scale. *Journal of Hydrology*, 556, 922-933. (33 citations)
9. Şen, Z. (2017). Hydrological trend analysis with innovative and over-whitening procedures. *Hydrological Sciences Journal*, 62(2), 294-305. (29 citations)
10. McInerney, D., Thyer, M., Kavetski, D., Lerat, J., & Kuczera, G. (2017). Improving probabilistic prediction of daily streamflow by identifying Pareto optimal approaches for modeling heteroscedastic residual errors. *Water Resources Research*, 53(3), 2199-2239. (27 citations)
11. Yang, T., Cui, T., Xu, C. Y., Ciais, P., & Shi, P. (2017). Development of a new IHA method for impact assessment of climate change on flow regime. *Global and planetary change*, 156, 68-79. (23 citations)
12. Li, B., Liang, Z., Zhang, J., & Wang, G. (2017). A revised drought index based on precipitation and pan evaporation. *International Journal of Climatology*, 37(2), 793-801. (18 citations)
13. Gong, W., & Duan, Q. (2017). An adaptive surrogate modeling-based sampling strategy for parameter optimization and distribution estimation (ASMO-PODE). *Environmental Modelling & Software*, 95, 61-75. (16 citations)
14. Tyralis, H., Papacharalampous, G., & Tantanee, S. (2019). How to explain and predict the shape parameter of the generalized extreme value distribution of streamflow extremes using a big dataset. *Journal of Hydrology*, 574, 628-645. (14 citations)
15. Peng, Y., Chen, K., Yan, H., & Yu, X. (2017). Improving flood-risk analysis for confluence flooding control downstream using copula Monte Carlo method. *Journal of Hydrologic Engineering*, 22(8), 04017018. (12 citations)
16. Barth, N. A., Villarini, G., & White, K. (2019). Accounting for mixed populations in flood frequency analysis: Bulletin 17C perspective. *Journal of Hydrologic Engineering*, 24(3), 04019002. (10 citations)
17. Bertola, M., Viglione, A., & Blöschl, G. (2019). Informed attribution of flood changes to decadal variation of atmospheric, catchment and river drivers in Upper Austria. *Journal of Hydrology*, 577, 123919. (8 citations)
18. Renard, B., & Thyer, M. (2019). Revealing hidden climate indices from the occurrence of hydrologic extremes. *Water Resources Research*, 55(9), 7662-7681. (5 citations)
19. Thorarinsdottir, T. L., Hellton, K. H., Steinbakk, G. H., Schlichting, L., & Engeland, K. (2018). Bayesian regional flood frequency analysis for large catchments. *Water Resources Research*, 54(9), 6929-6947. (3 citations)
20. Perez, G., Mantilla, R., Krajewski, W. F., & Wright, D. B. (2019). Using physically based synthetic peak flows to assess local and regional flood frequency analysis methods. *Water Resources Research*, 55(11), 8384-8403. (3 citations)