

# How to improve process realism in physically-based predictive approaches?



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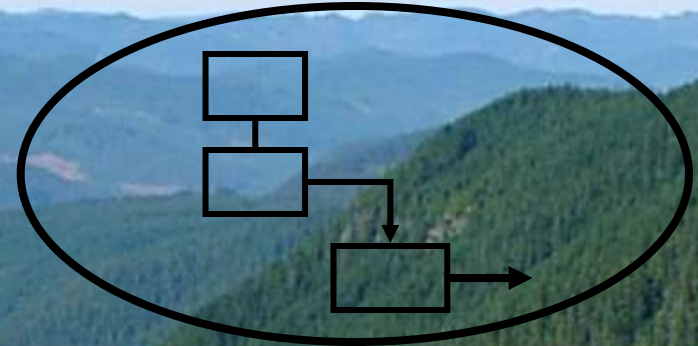
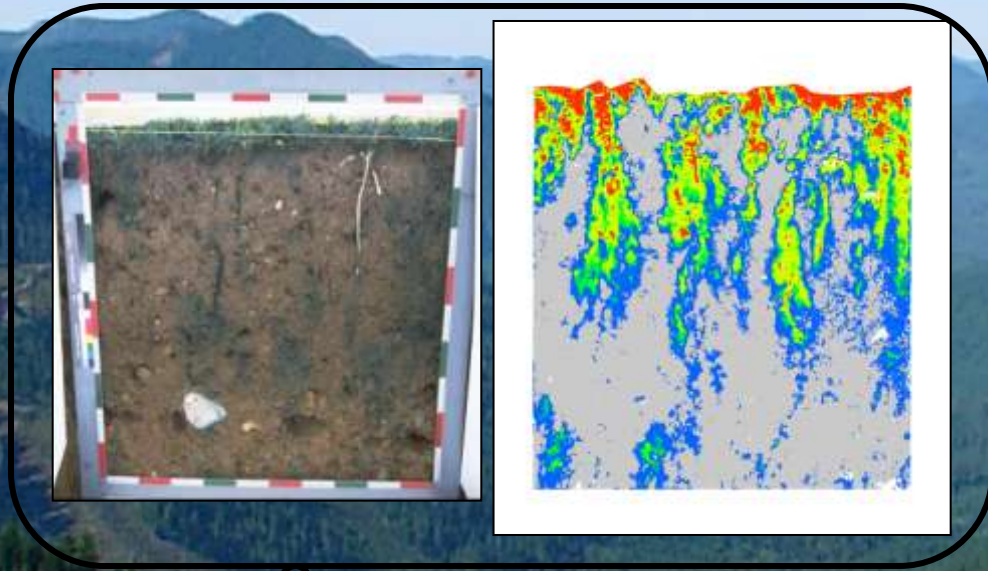
# Process realism and my PUB mantra

How to  
improve  
process  
realism?

“Accurate prediction of the headwater hydrograph **implies** adequate modeling of **sources, flowpaths and residence time** of water and solutes.

**Hewlett and Troendle, 1975**

# How to improve process realism in physically-based predictive approaches?



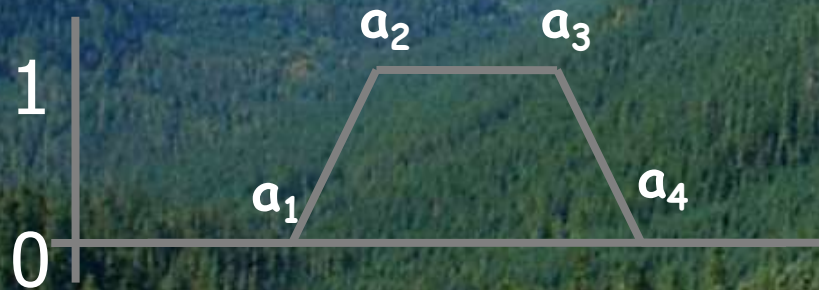
Experimentalist

Evaluation rules

Modeller

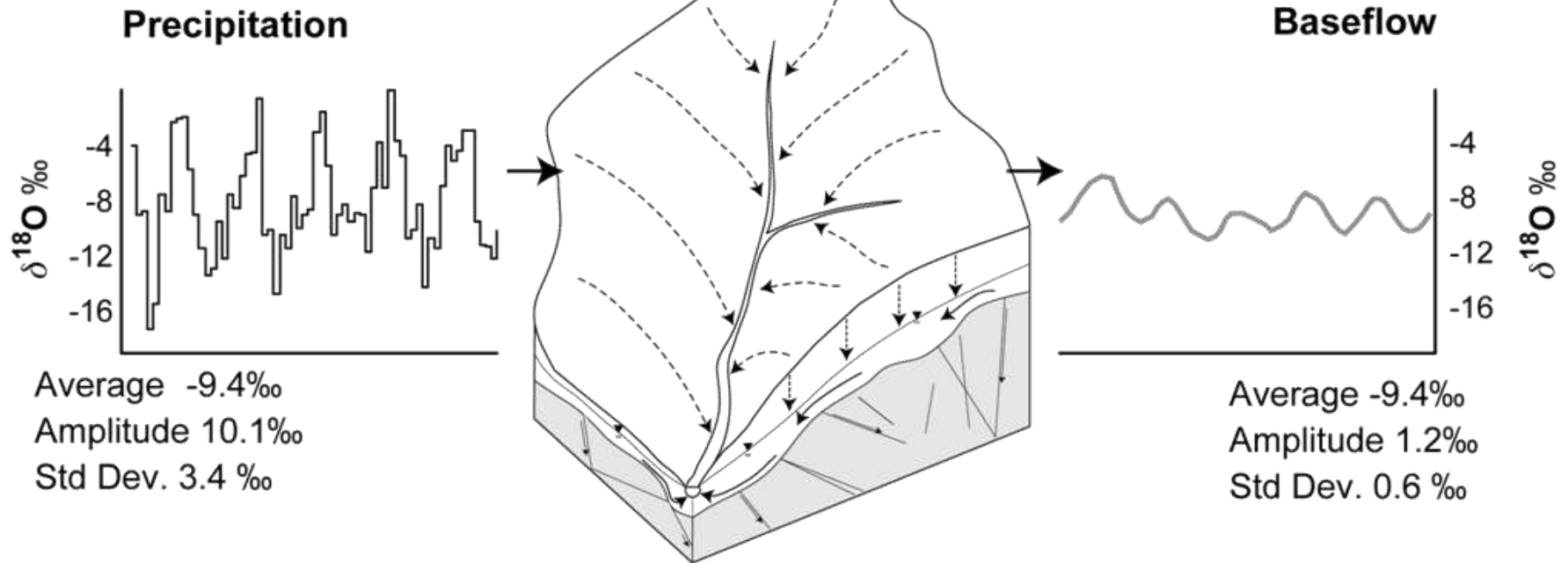
Values for evaluation rules ( $a_i$ )

"Degree of acceptability"



# Another approach we're explored...

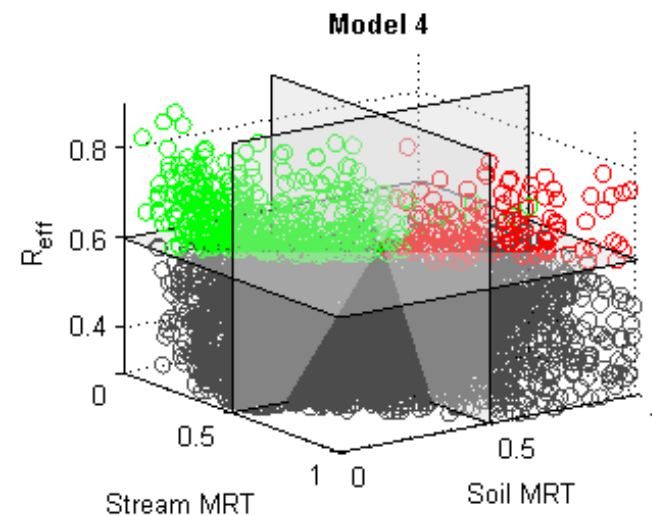
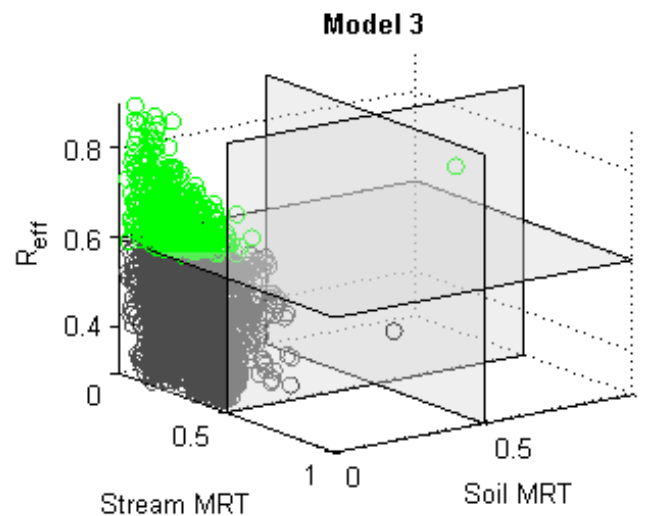
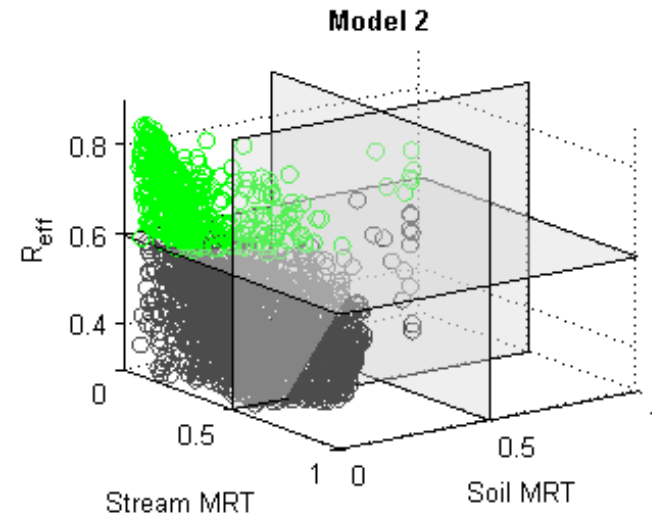
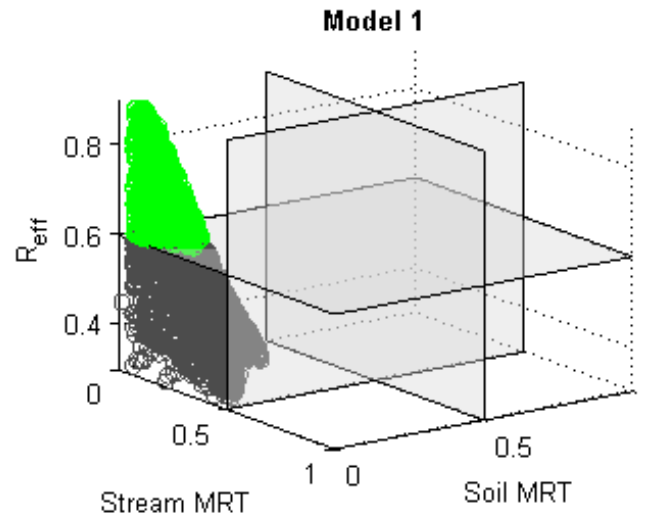
## Catchment (Complex Flow Path Distribution)



Quantifying streamwater mean residence time

# Orthogonal measures for model evaluation

How to improve process realism?



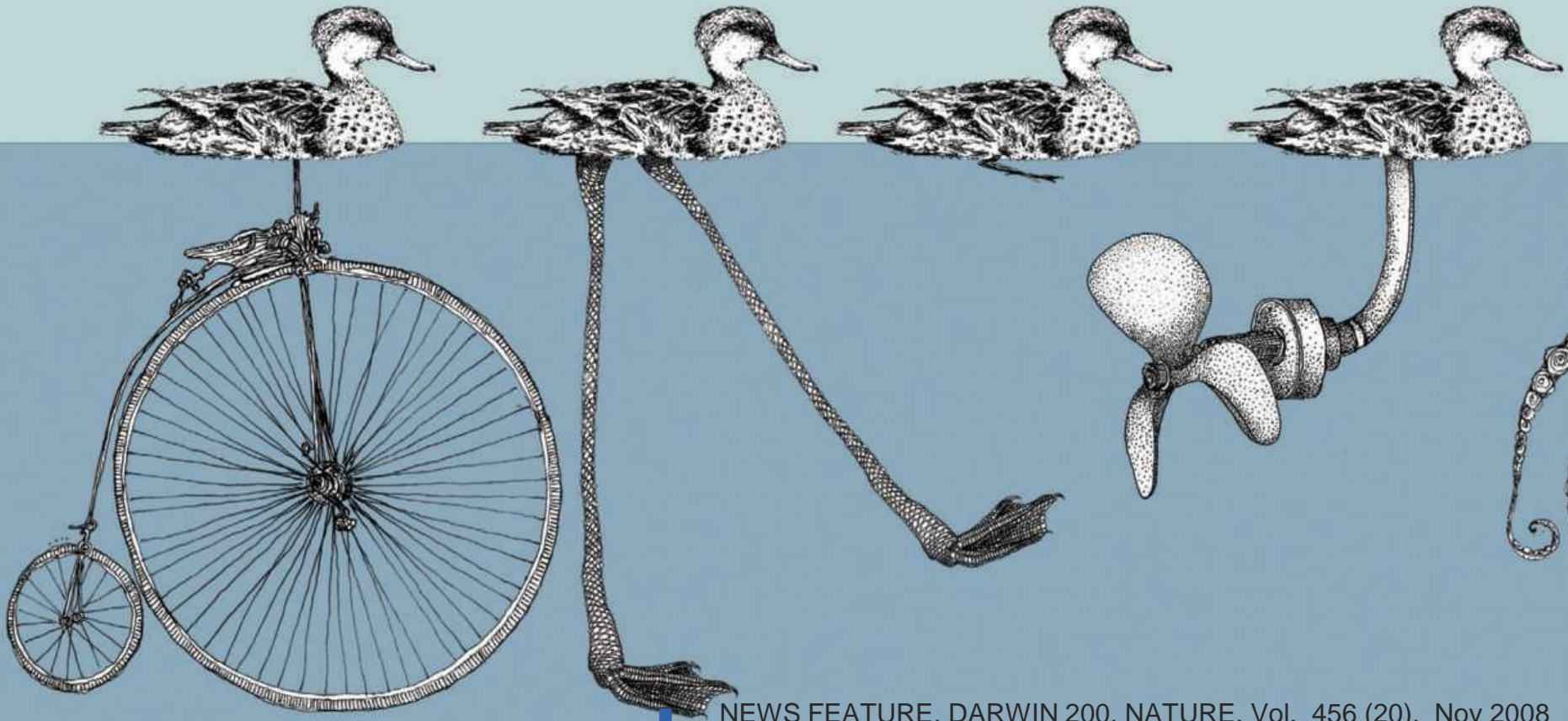
# Outline for today

- Scaling realism as process realism
  - The ultimate top-down approach
  - How scaling rules aggregate key process information
  - How such information might be used in physically-based predictive approaches
    - Model testing, catchment classification
    - 3 examples from Oregon and California



# A PUB Process-Modeling Grand Challenge

How to  
improve  
process  
realism?



NEWS FEATURE, DARWIN 200, NATURE, Vol. 456 (20), Nov 2008

*Similar forms can hide radically different wiring...*



# “Identical” rainfall-runoff relations...very different residence time scaling

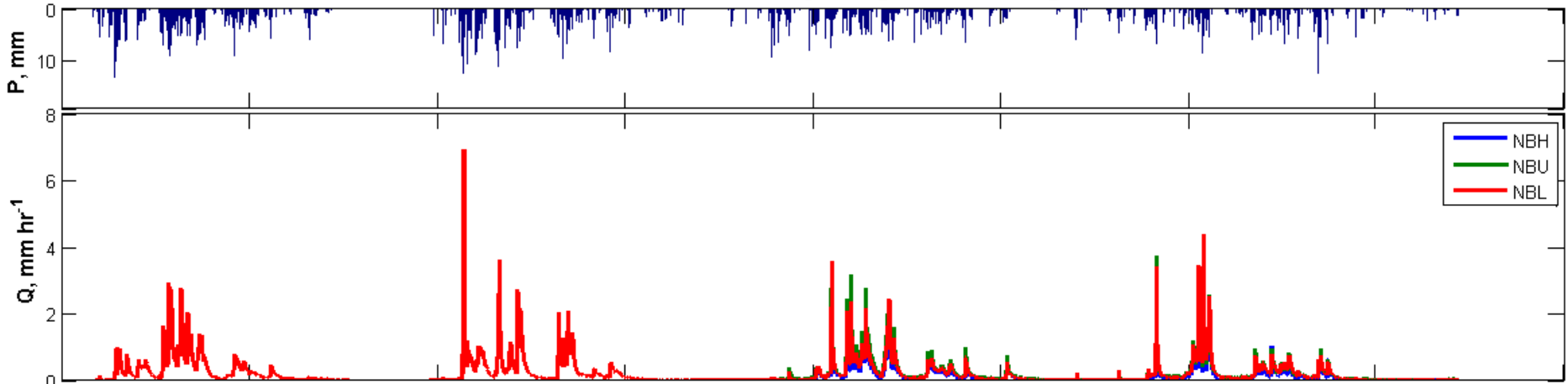
How to improve process realism?



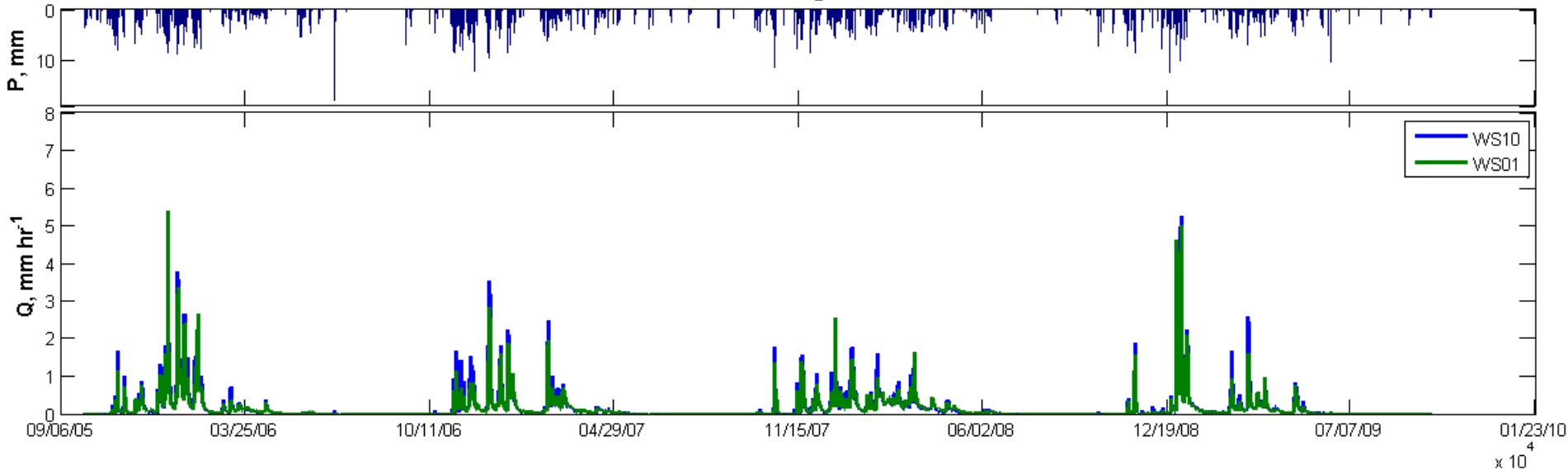
# Rainfall-runoff for the two sites

How to  
improve  
process  
realism?

**Alesea Watershed Study, Oregon Coast Range**

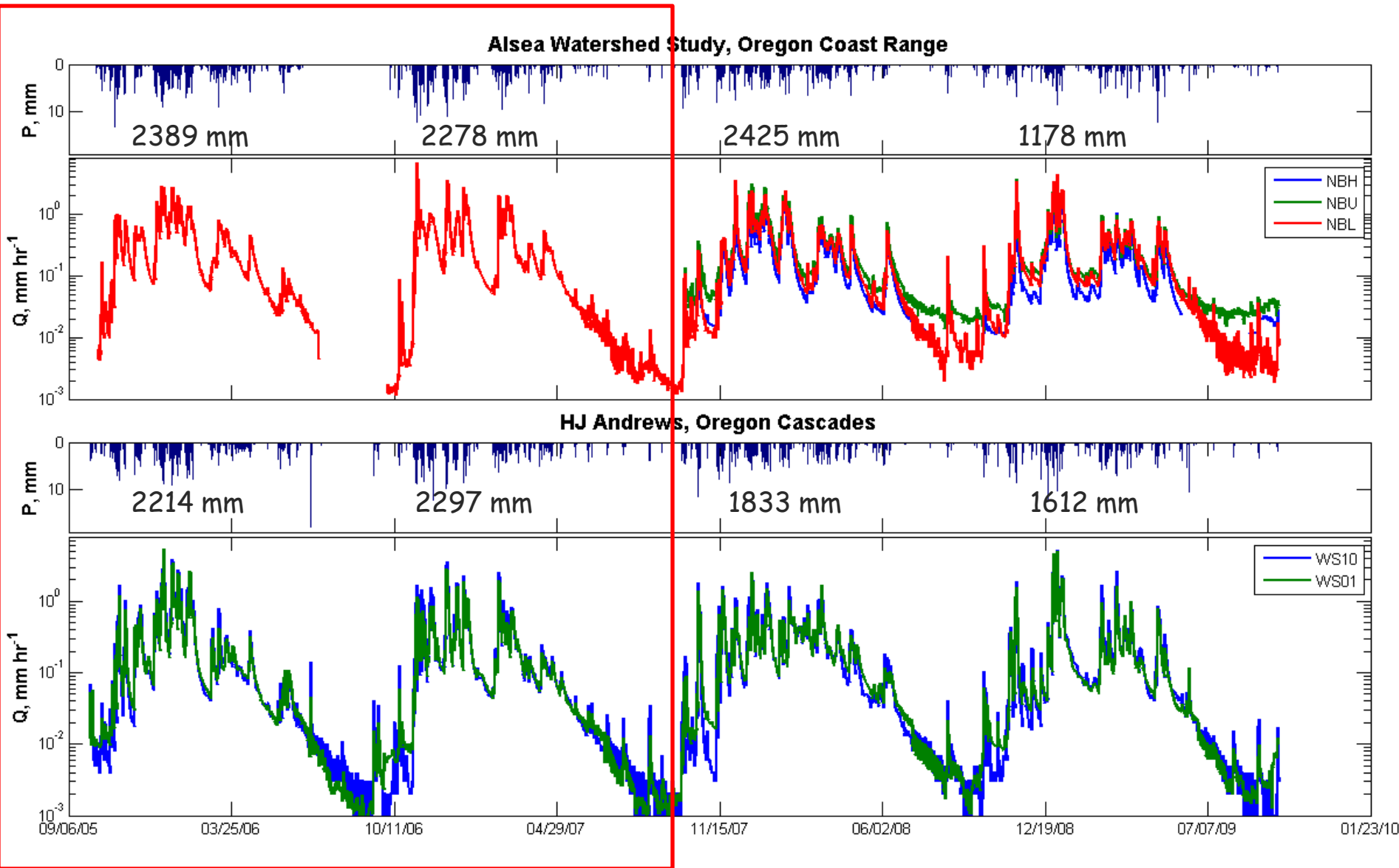


**HJ Andrews, Oregon Cascades**



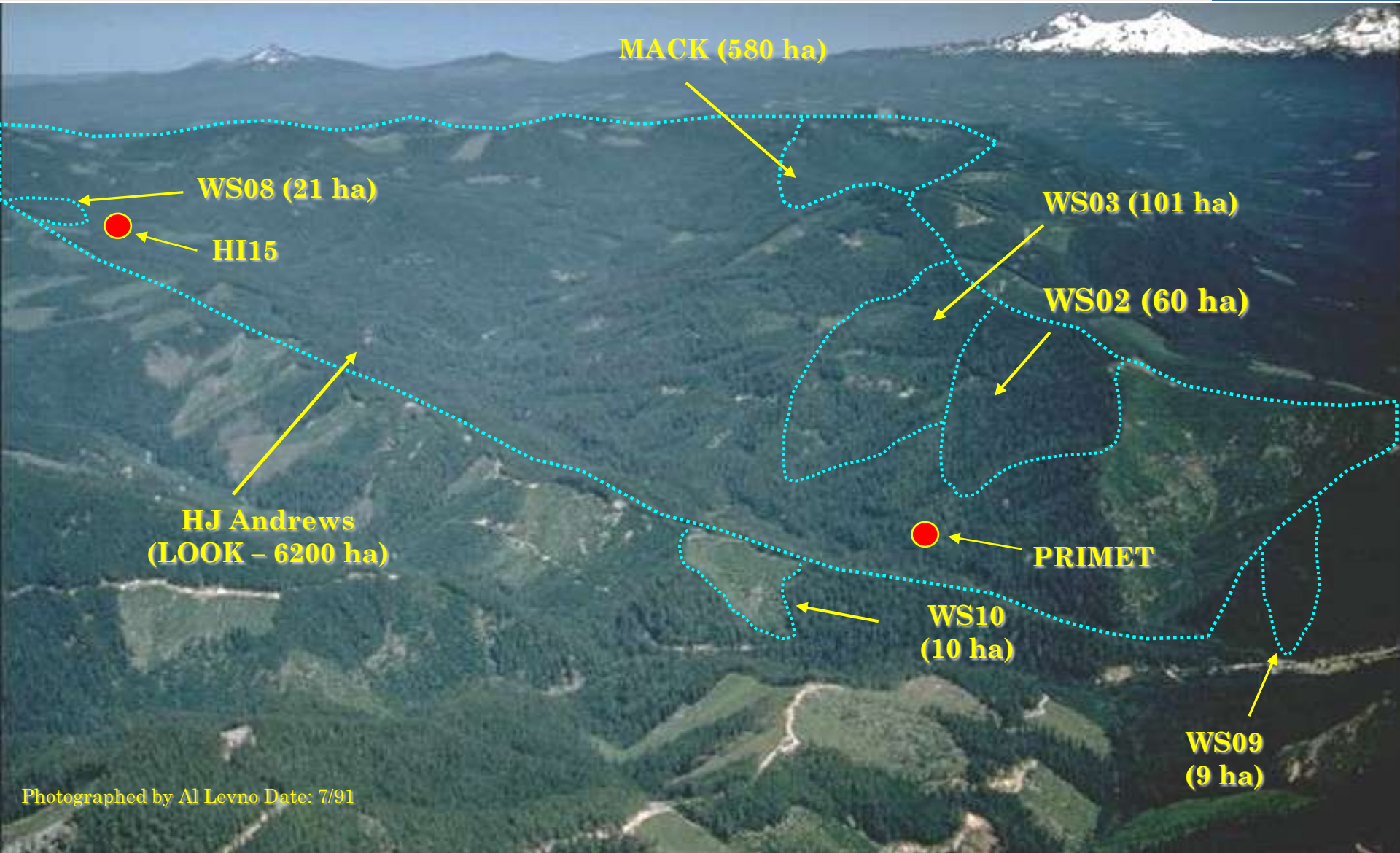
# On a log scale

How to improve process



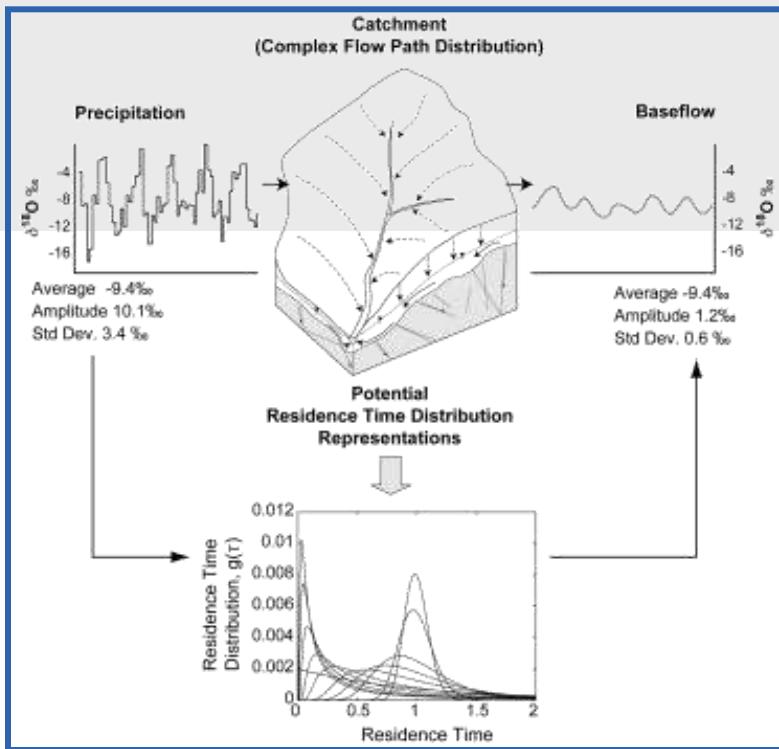
# Exploring the scaling relations in low permeability rock

How to improve process realism?

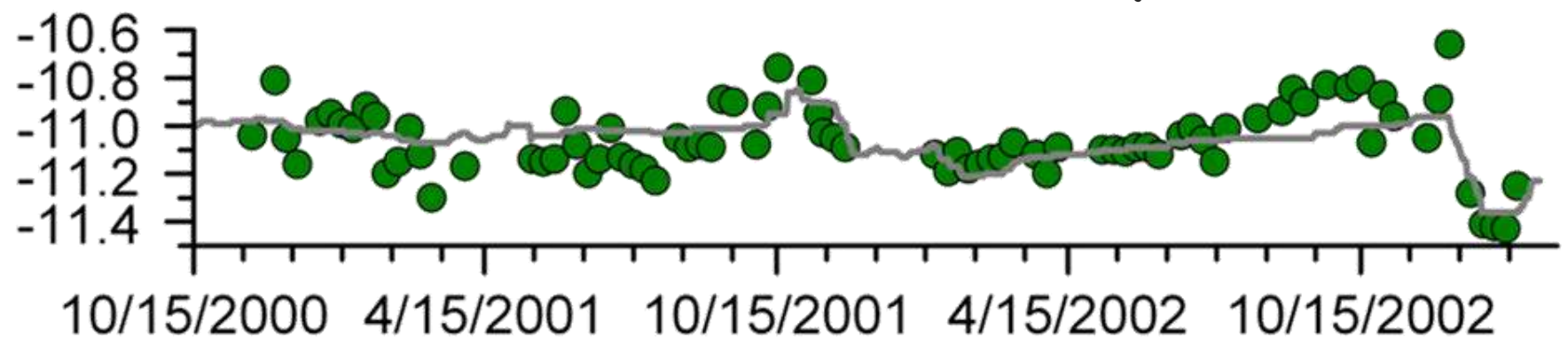


How to improve process realism?

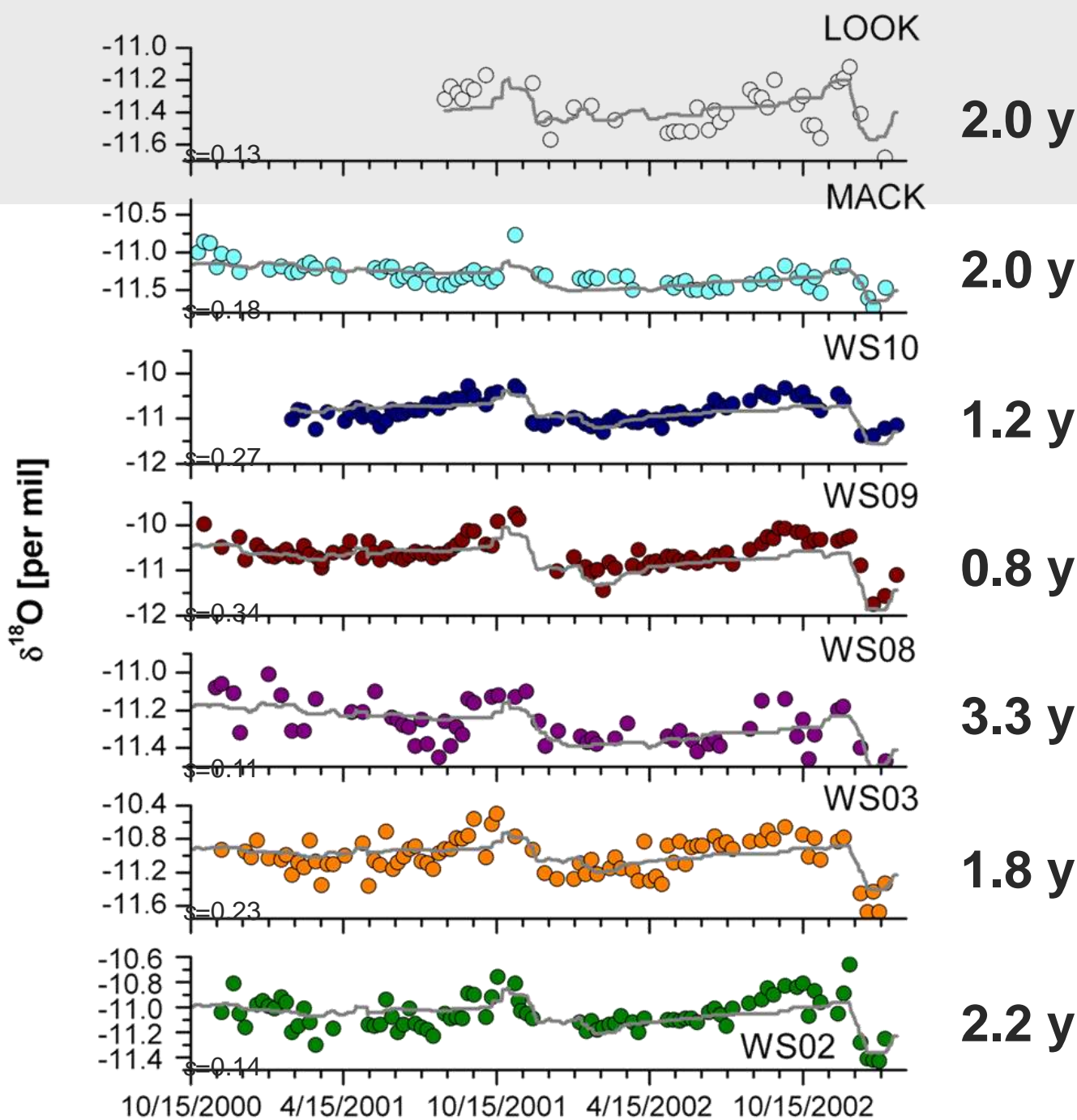
# The standard convolution approach



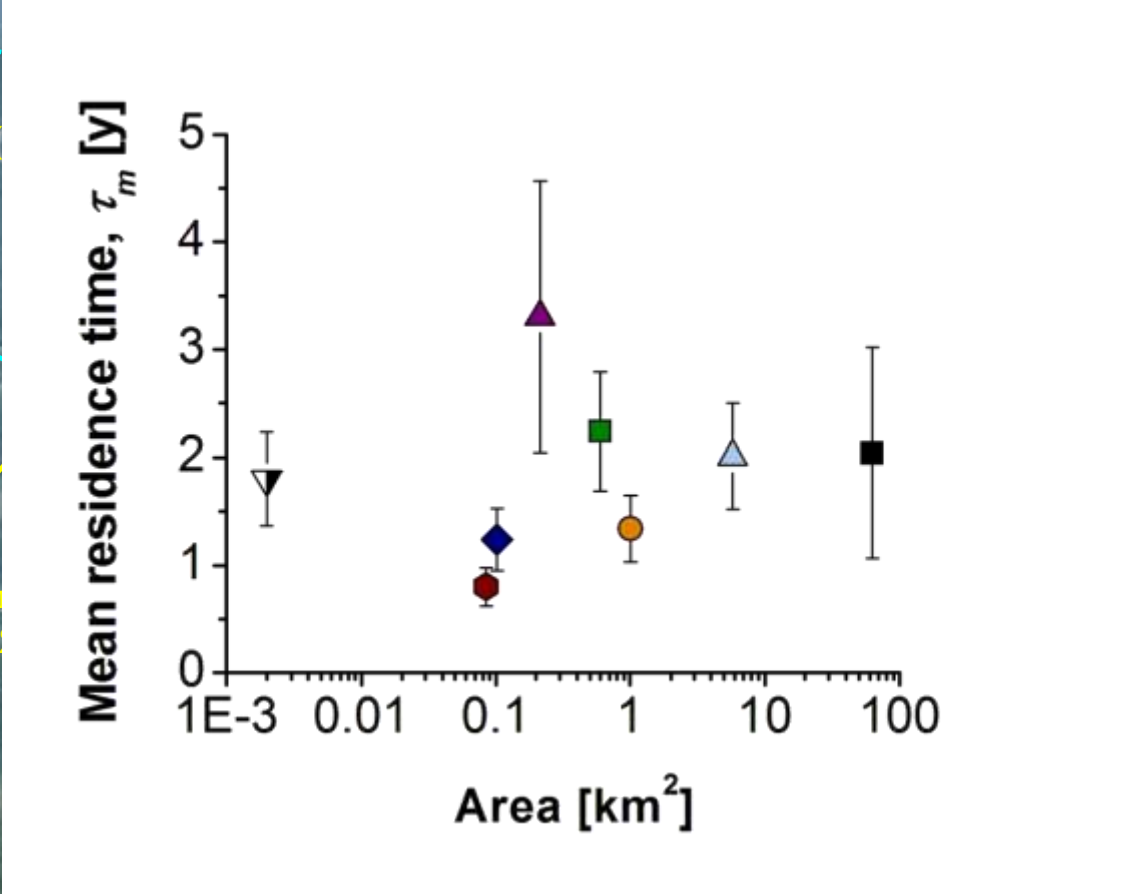
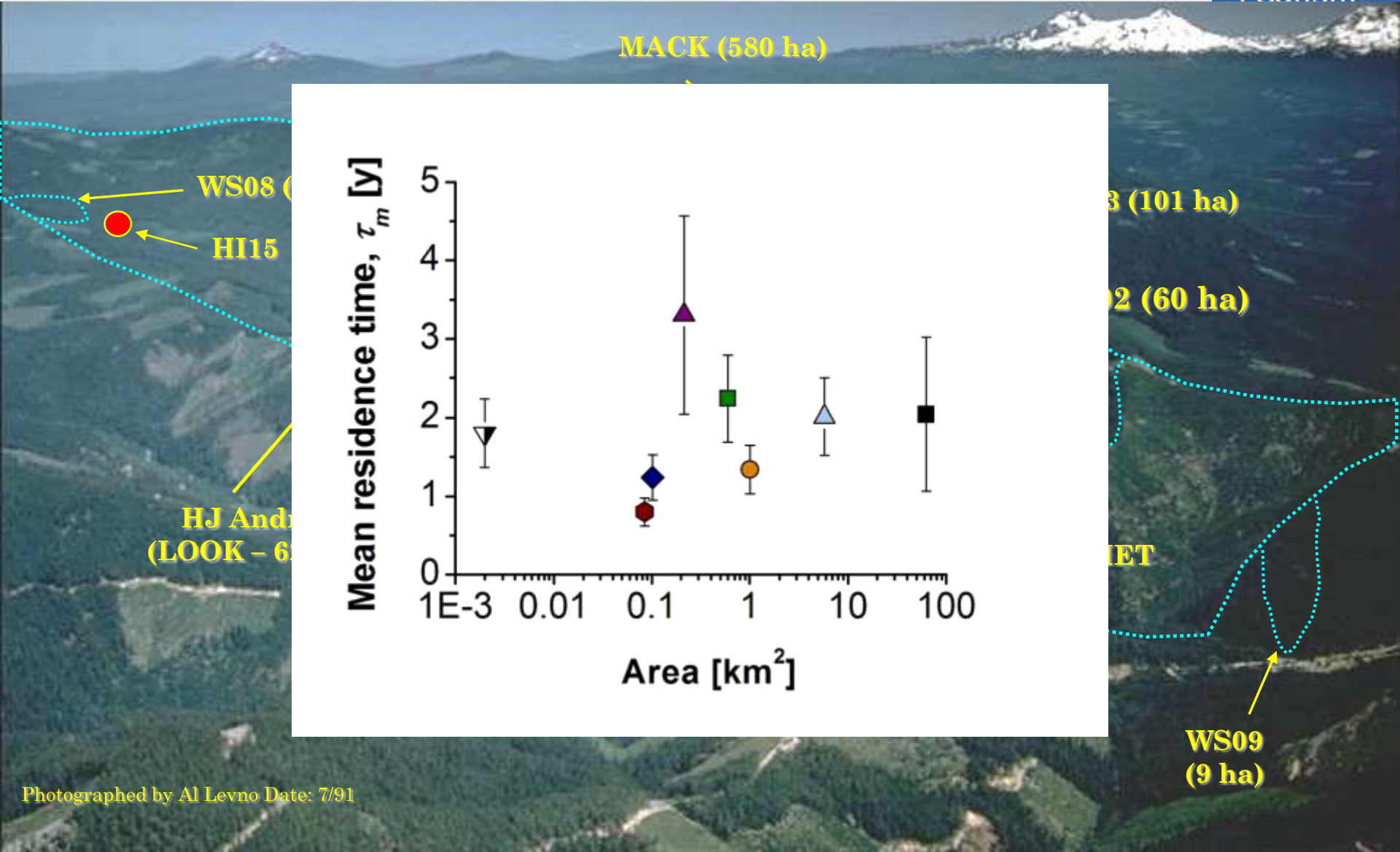
MRT = 2.2 years



How to improve process realism?

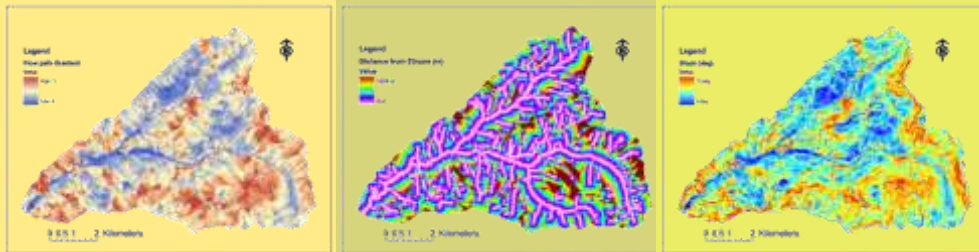


# ...no relation to basin area, but...

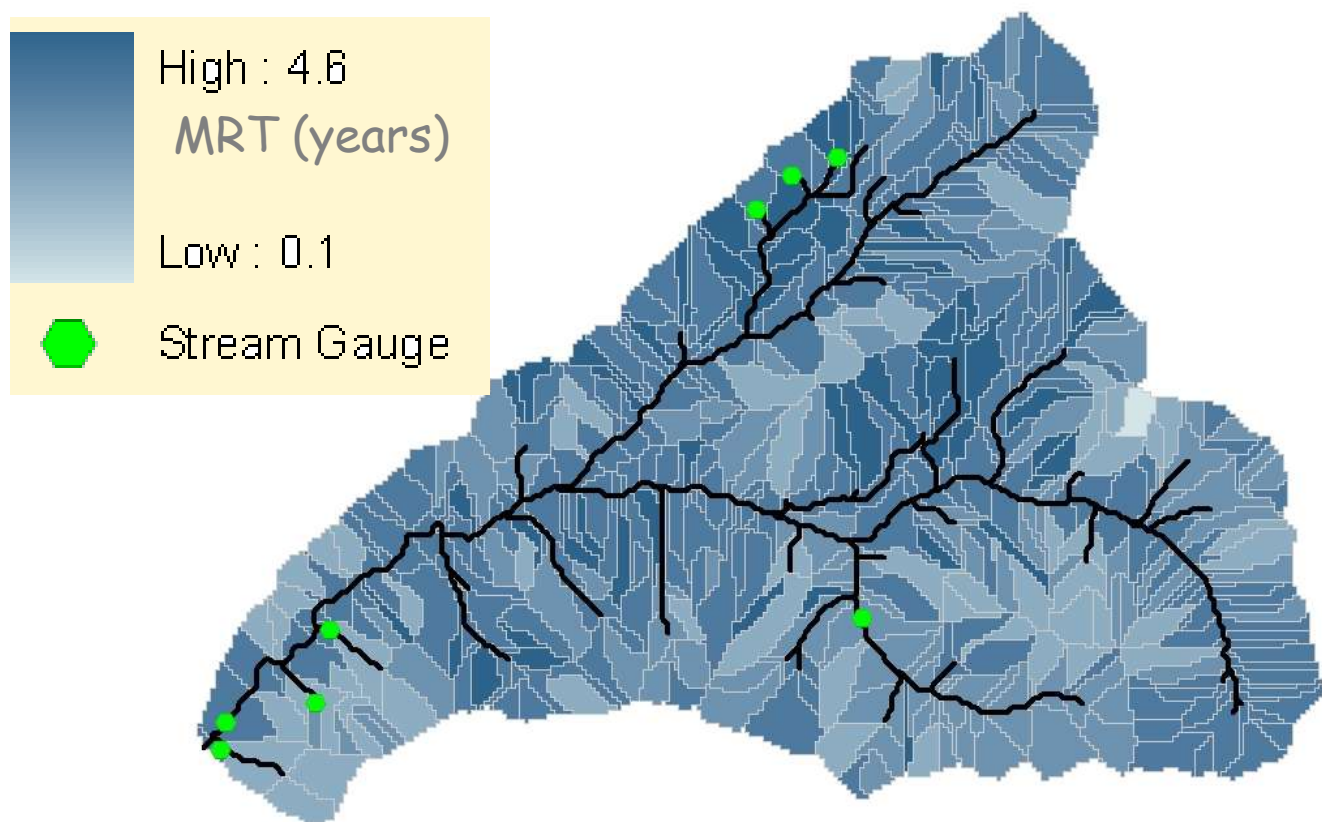


Photographed by Al Levno Date: 7/91





- We can regionalize these values for model testing and development



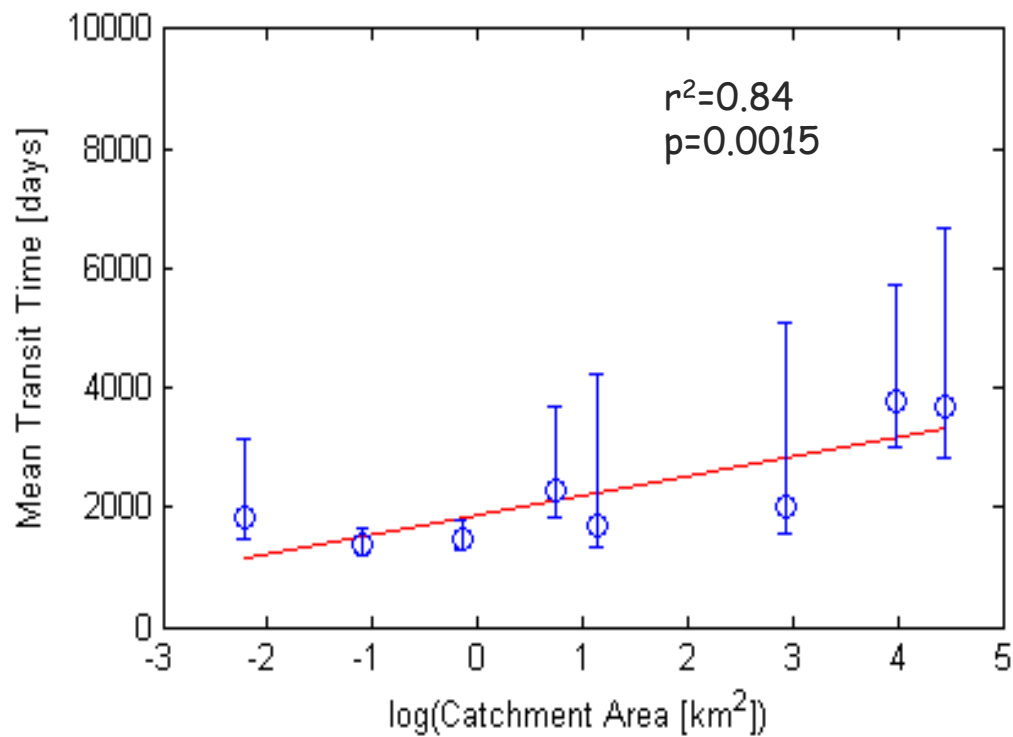
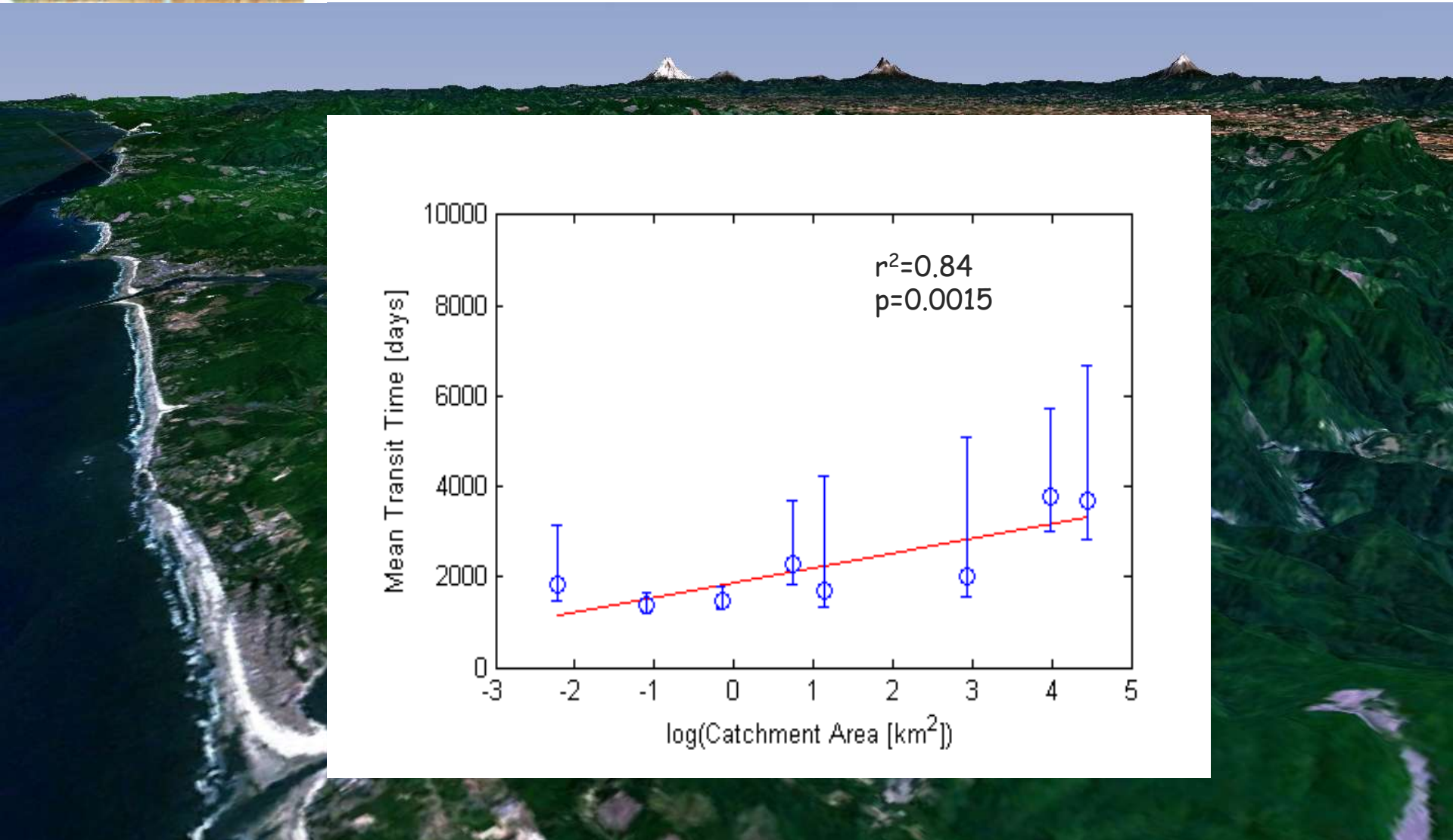
# Scaling relations in permeable rock

How to improve process realism?

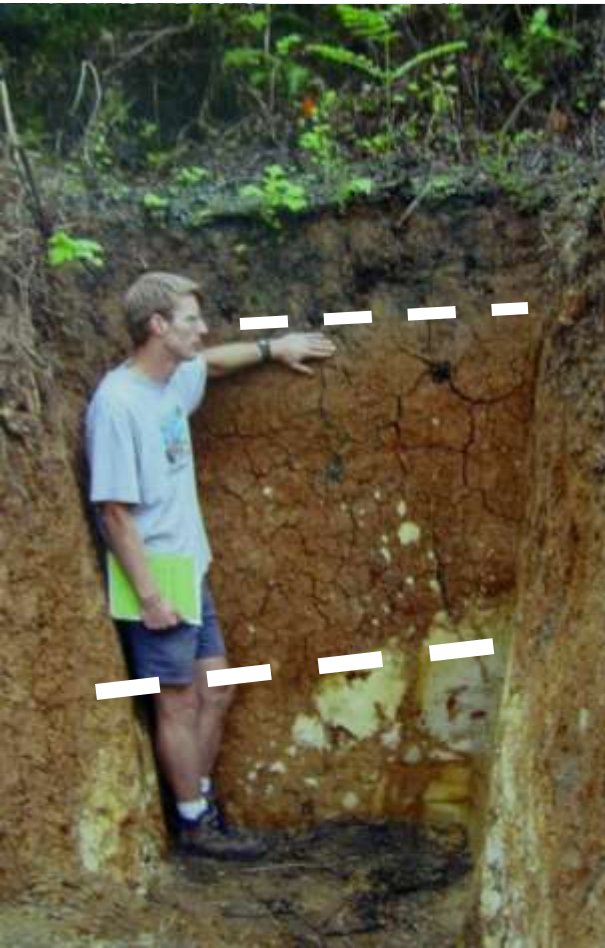


How to  
improve  
process  
realism?

# The opposite finding!

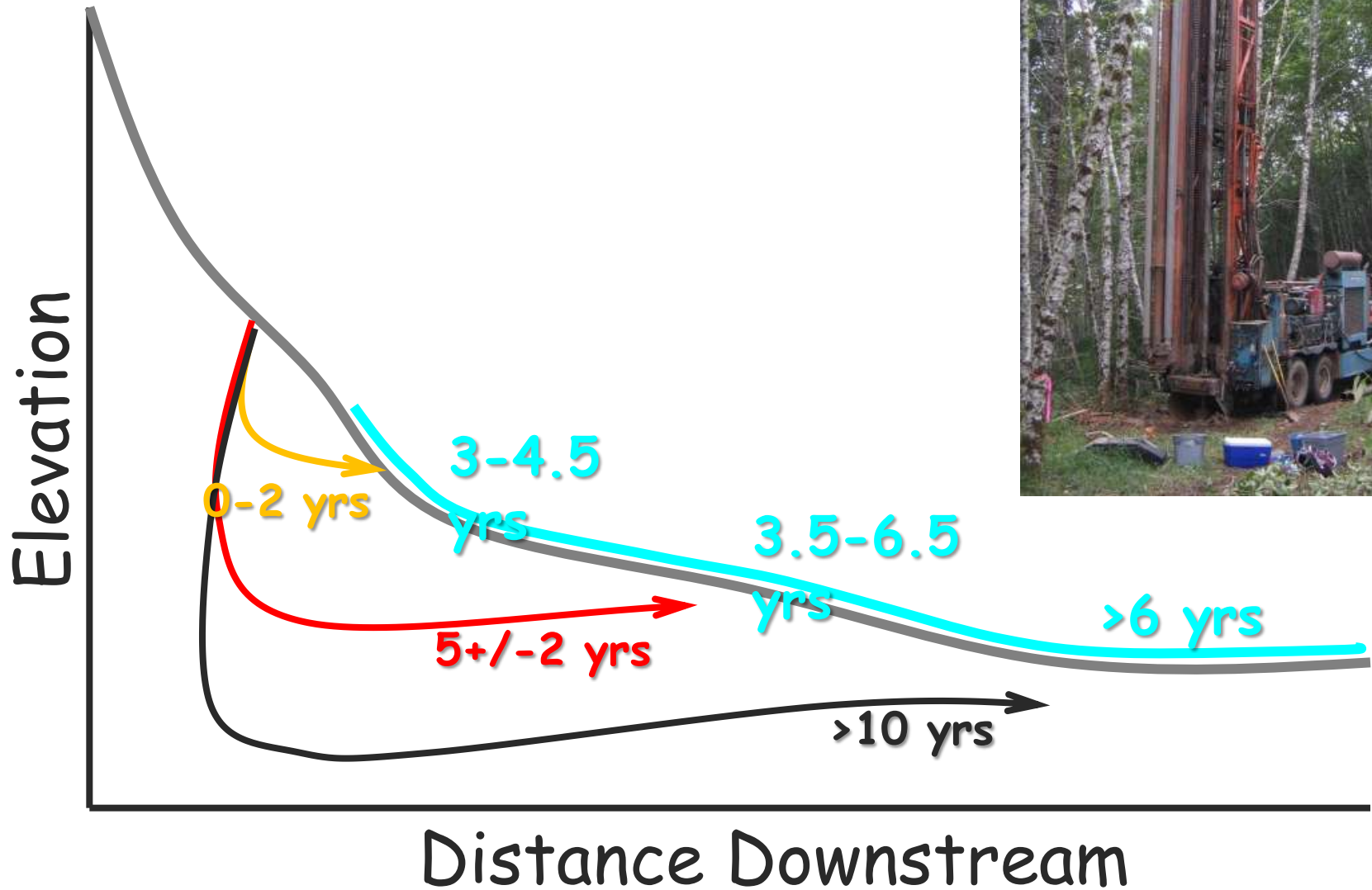


*Why? The subsurface flow processes are very different*



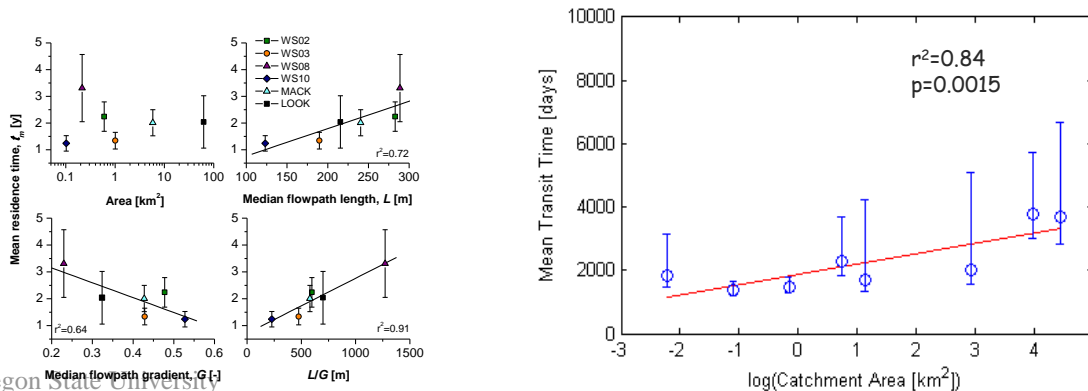
Not one tip!

# Bedrock groundwater



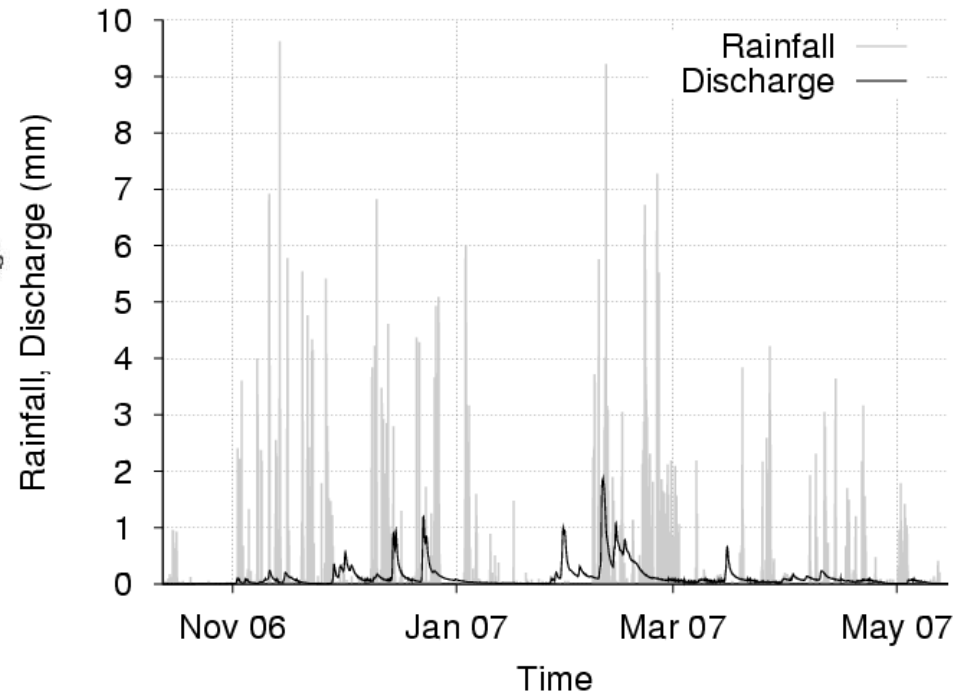
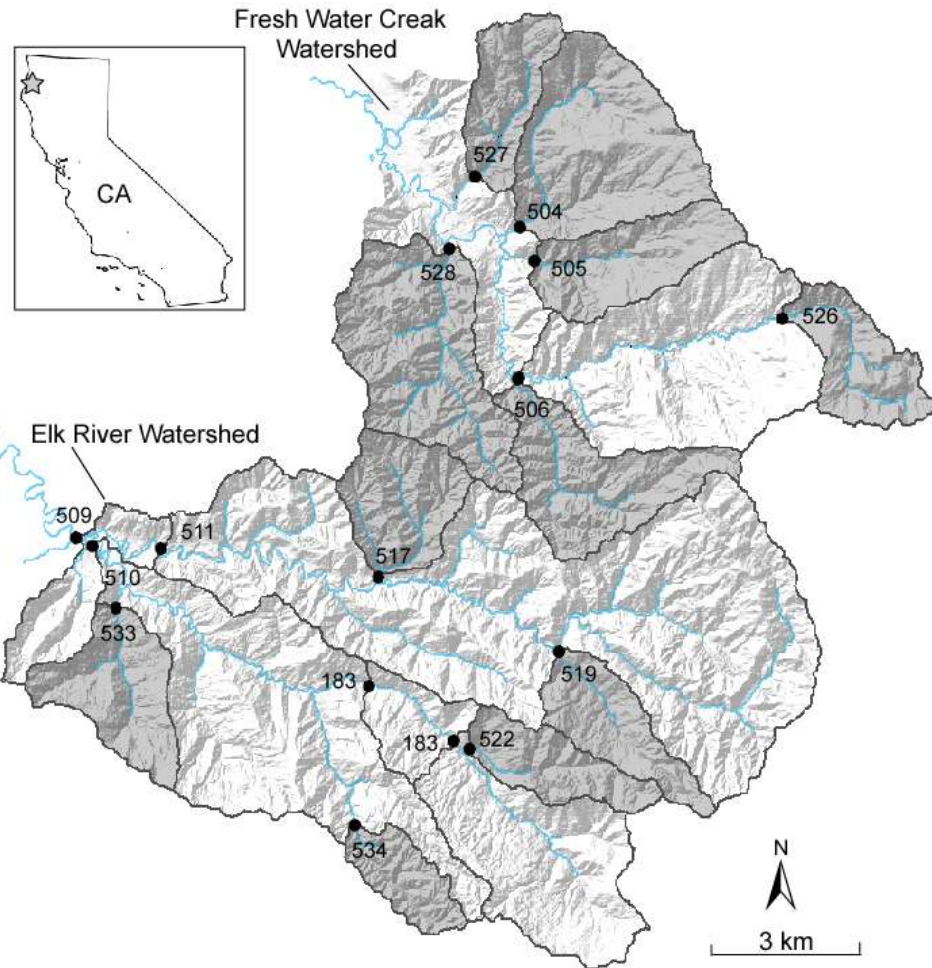
# “Getting the right answers for the right reasons” Kirchner (2006 WRR)

- Developing models that are minimally parameterized and therefore stand some chance of failing the tests that they are subjected to
- Experimentalists delivering orthogonal measures (but not all the gory details) that can be used for model testing

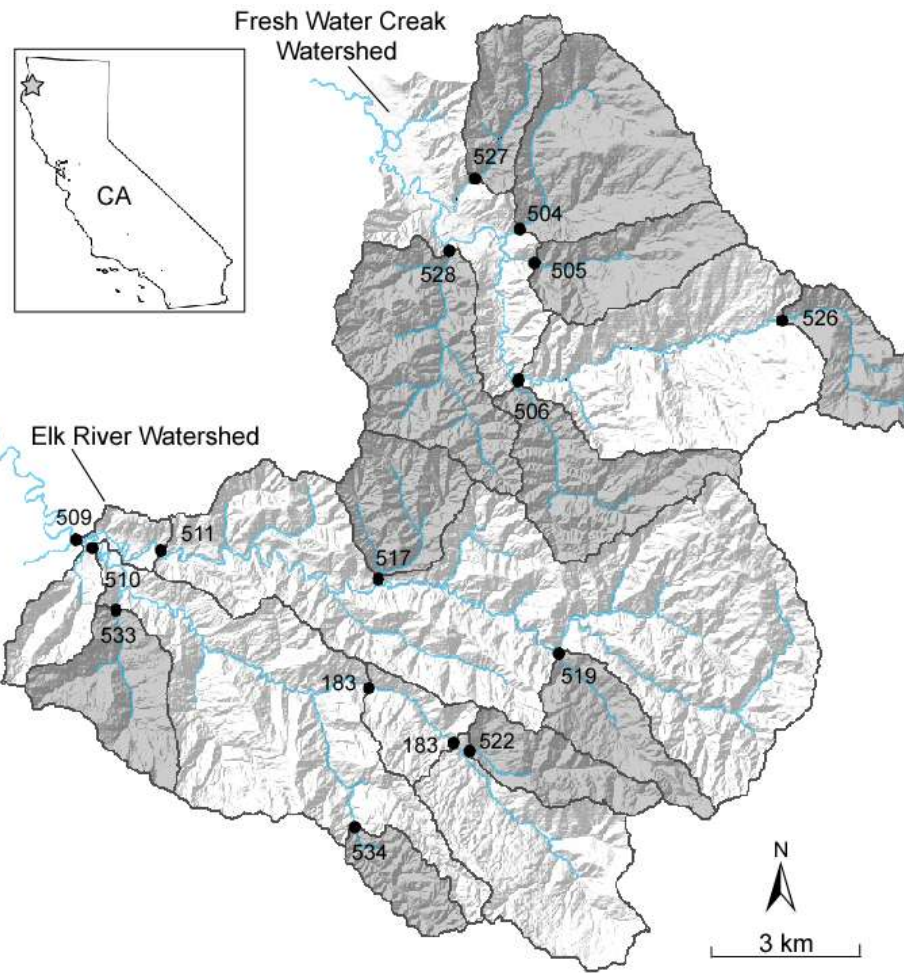


# Another Coast Range catchment with permeable bedrock

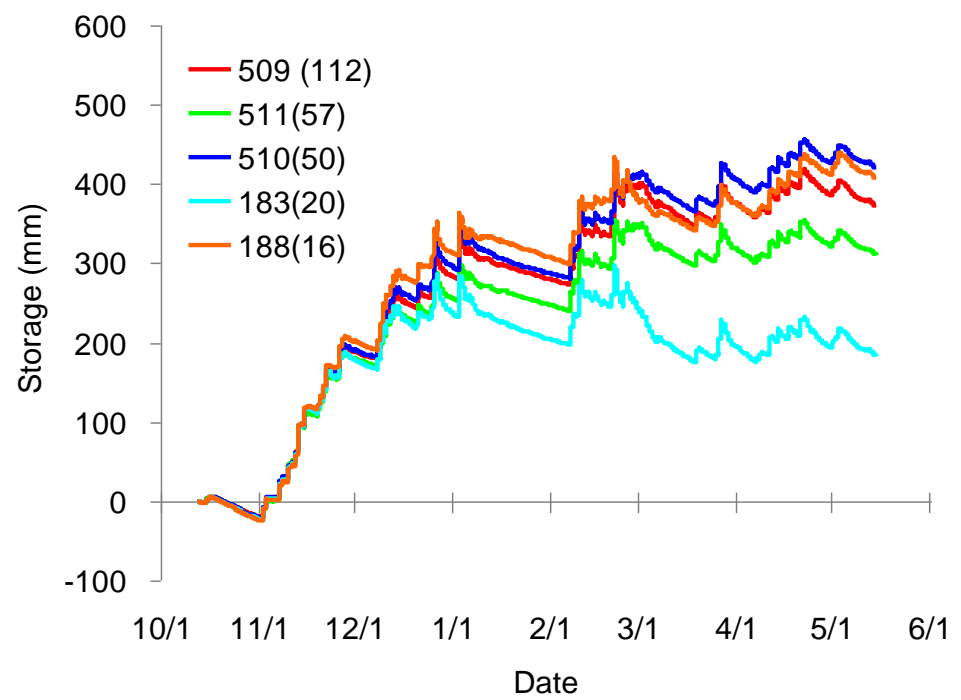
How to improve process realism?



# “The secret to ‘doing better hydrological science’: change the question!” Sivapalan, (2009, HP)



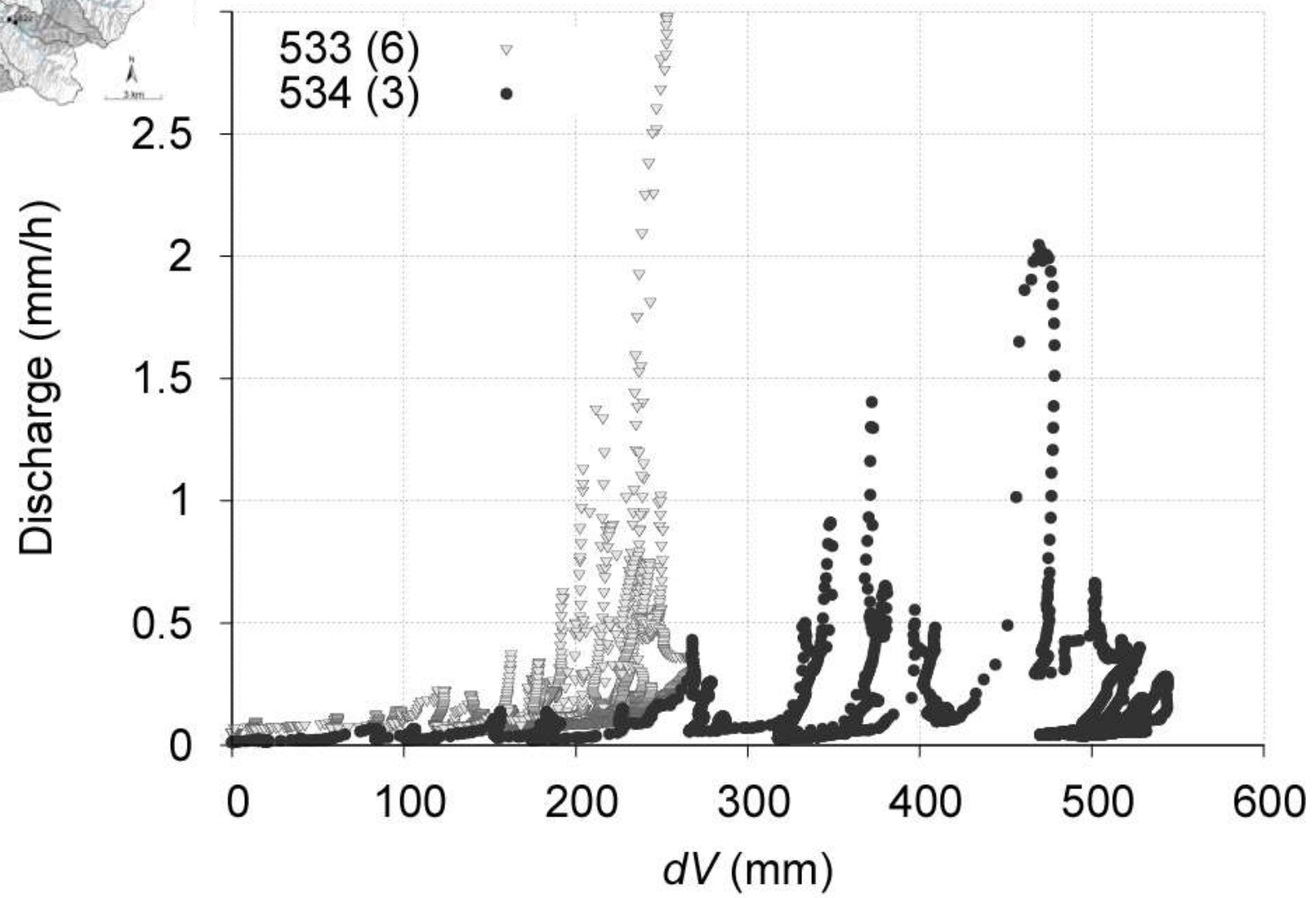
$$dV(t) = \sum_{t=1}^t (R(t) - Q(t) - E(t))$$





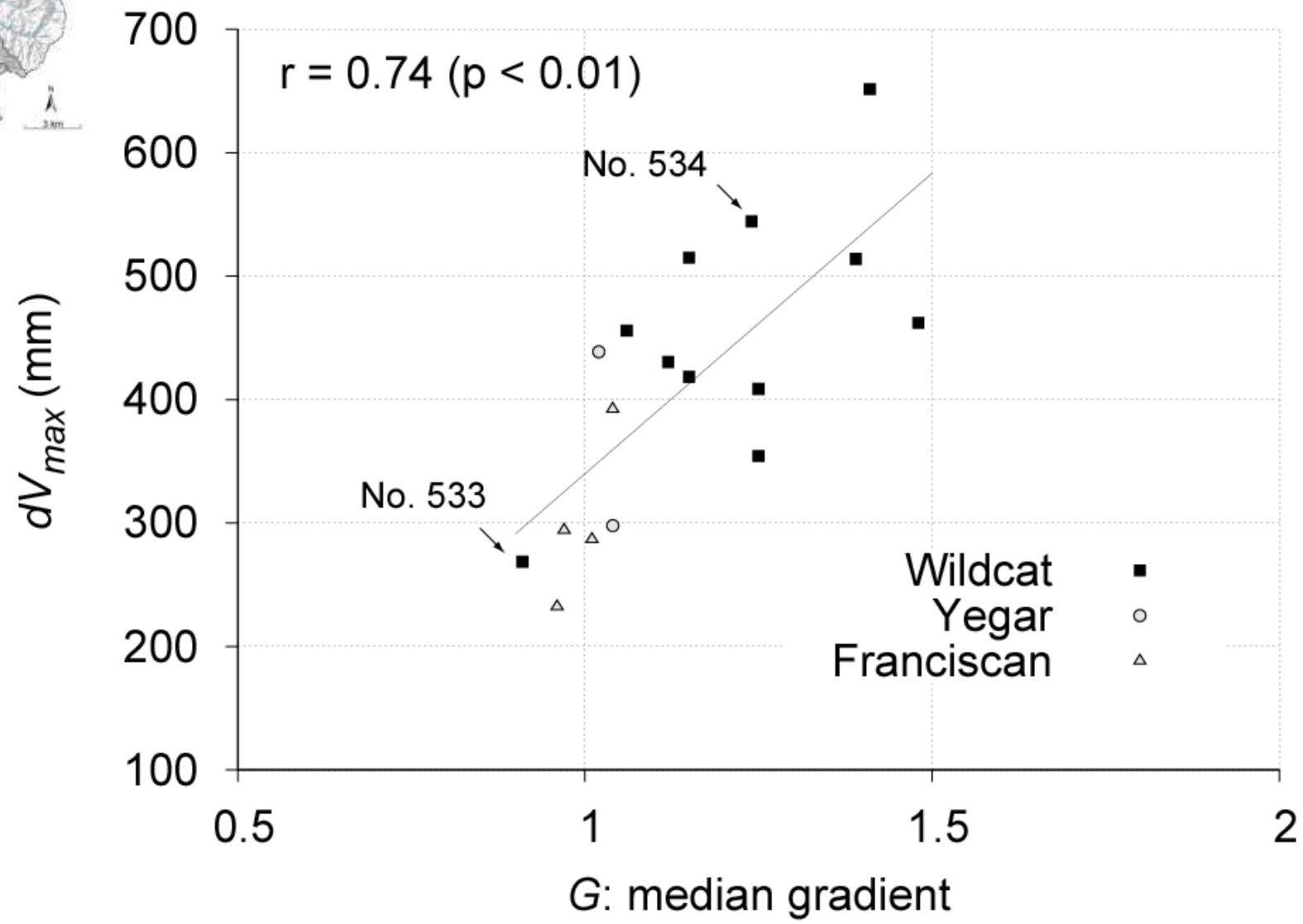
How to improve process realism?

# Storage filling before spilling



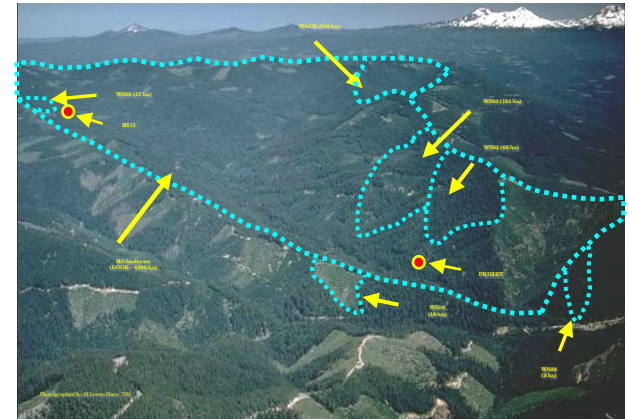
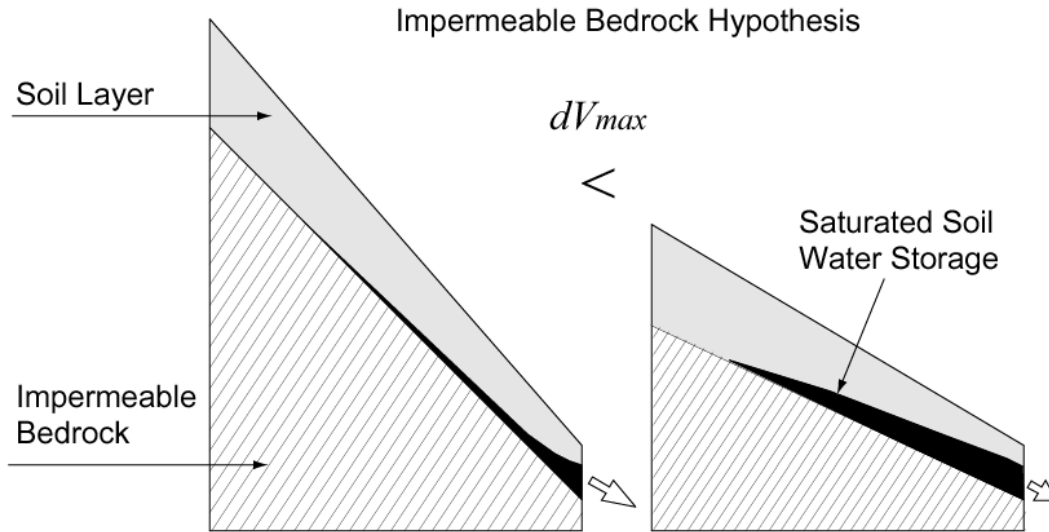
How to improve process realism?

# Topography positively related to storage?!



# “The boundary conditions are the science” Beven (2006 HESS)

How to improve process realism?

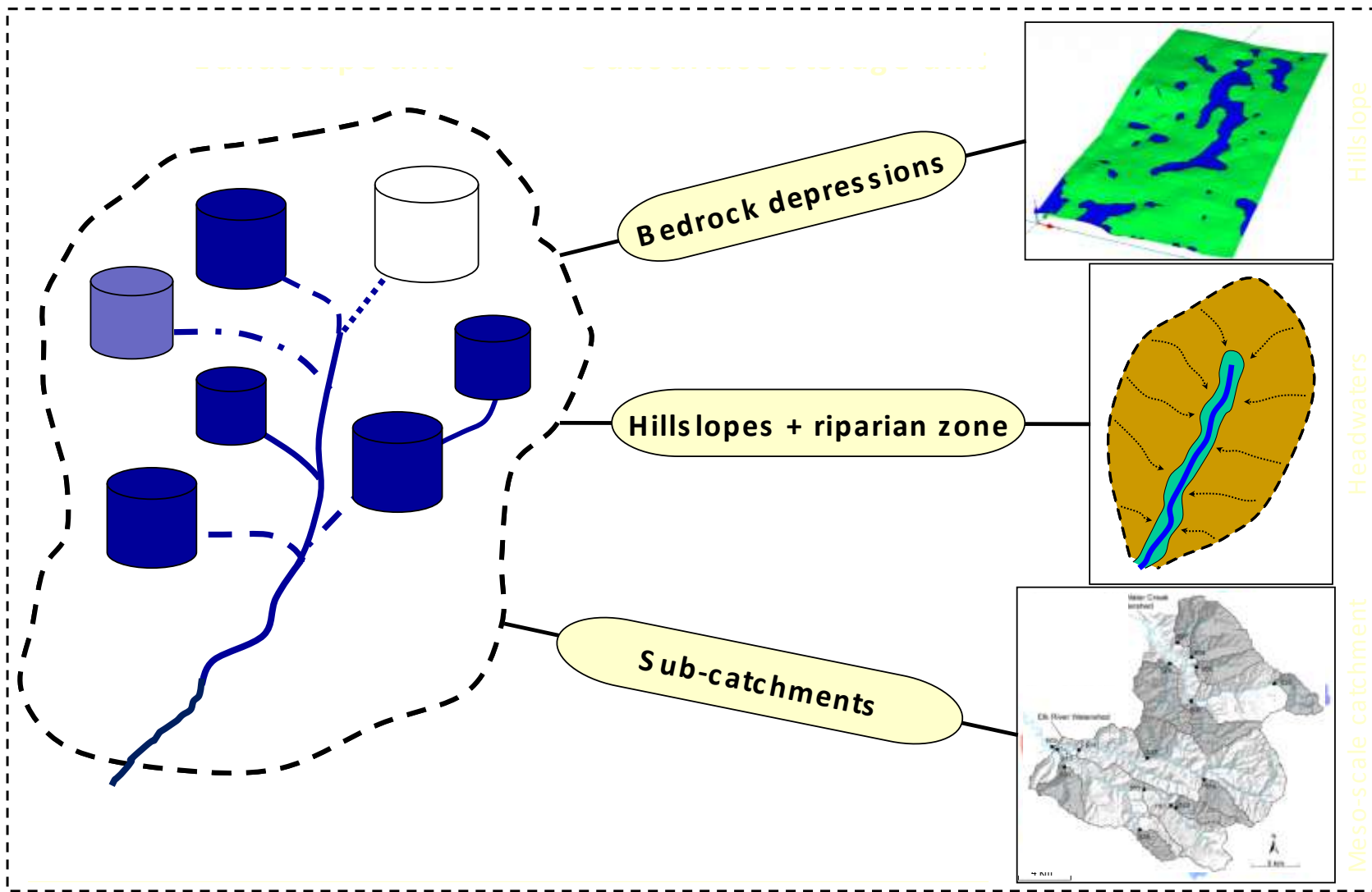


# Wrap-up

# Summary I

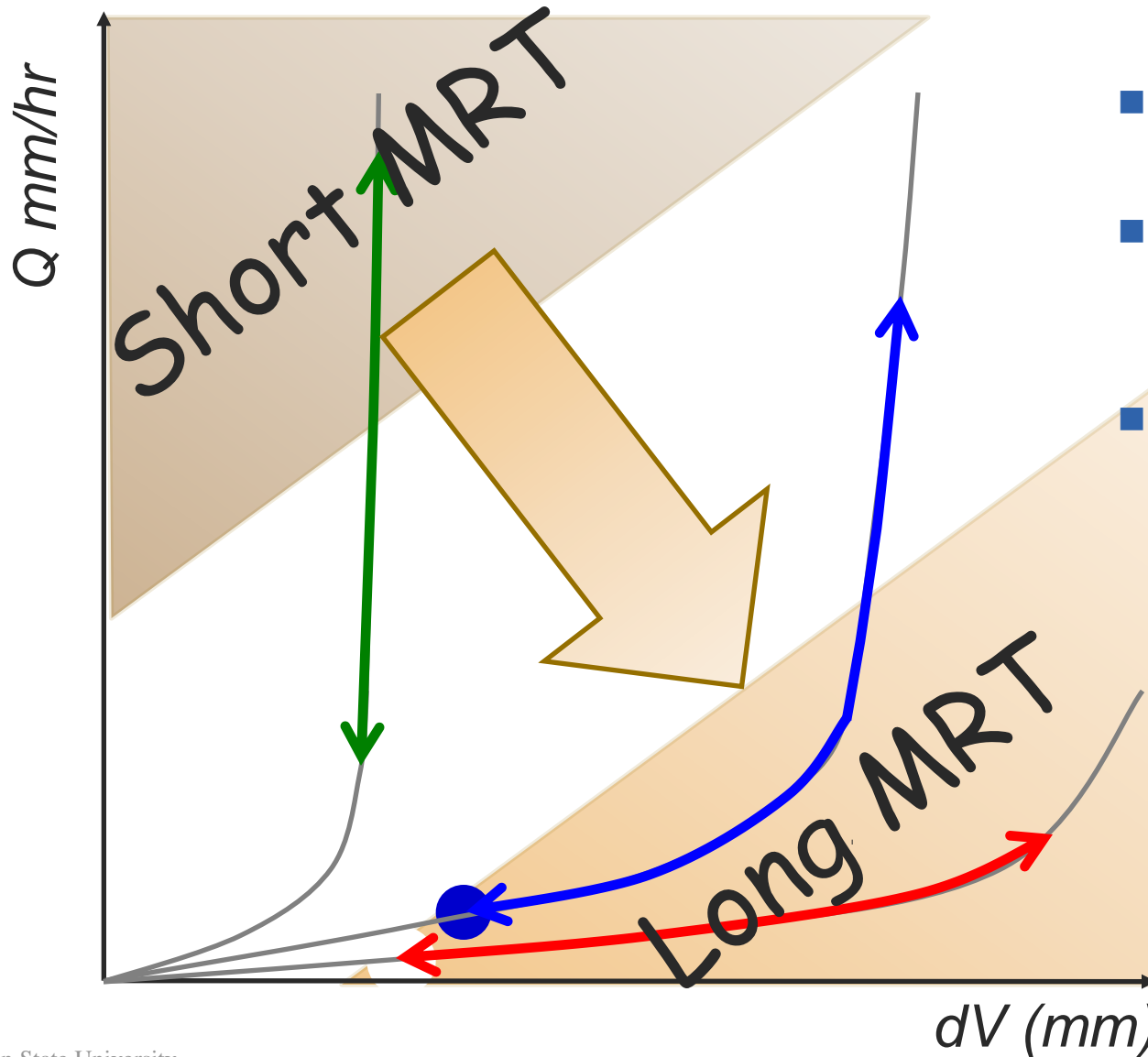
- Process realism as scaling realism
  - Scaling rules aggregate key process information
  - Residence time and storage make sense across all scales
  - Both are quantifiable
  - Such approaches may lead to classification metrics that go beyond rainfall-runoff

# A storage-based view of runoff generation



# ...the storage-residence time relation

How to improve process realism?



- Geology controls the shape of the curve
- Climate controls the amount of the curve traversed
- $MRT = \text{storage} / \text{discharge}$

## Summary II

- Defining residence time scaling can lead to significant improvements in process realism
- Data availability is on the cusp of radical change
  - laser spectrometers!
- A binary classification of permeable vs poorly permeable could be a good start
  - a landscape scale anisotropy metric
  - a way to reduce model structural uncertainty
- Basin parameter transfer could be addressed within broad geological units